

Research Reactors

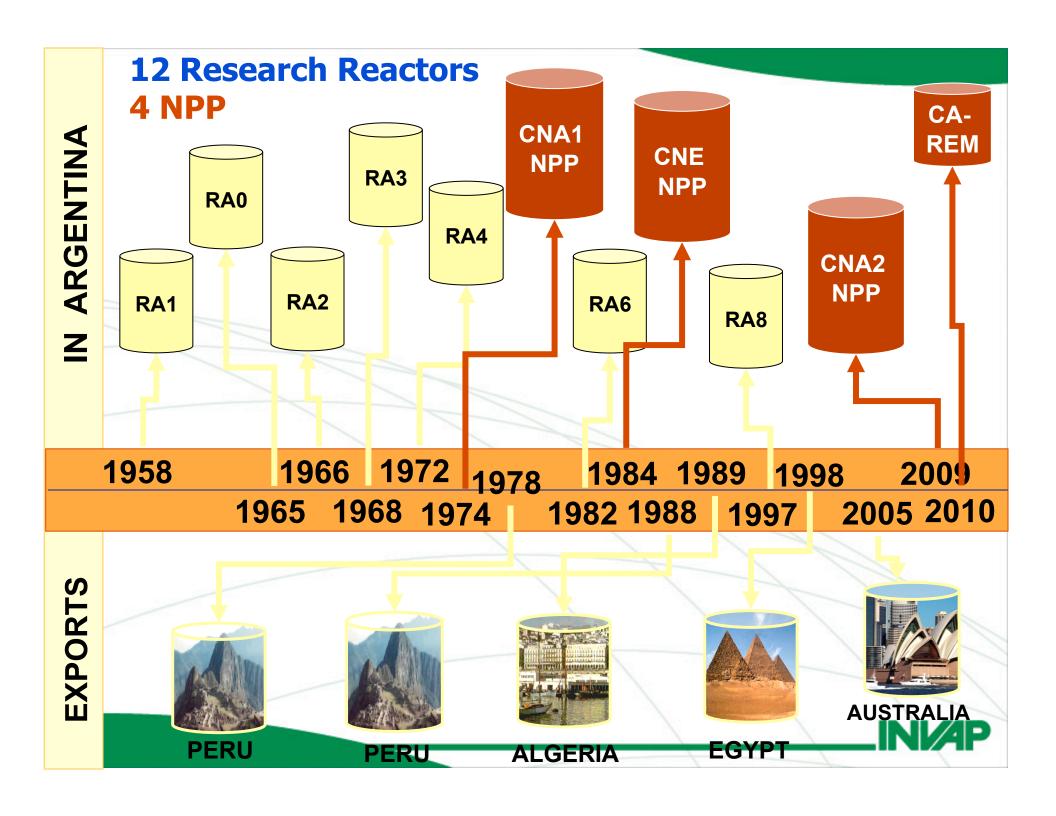
- Many different types:
 - Different uses
 - From Watts to hundreds of MW
 - From tens to hundreds of million dollars
 - Different layouts
 - Different fuels
 - Different coolants, temperatures and pressures
 - Most important, different uses!



Uses of Research Reactors

- Education and training
- Single purpose:
 - Radioisotope production
 - Beam research
 - Material testing
- Multipurpose:
 - RI production and/or beams and/or material testing
- Prototypes, including critical facilities





Critical Assemblies in Argentina

	RA-0	RA-2	RA-4	RA-8
POWER (W)	1	1	1	10
TYPE	TANK	TANK	HOMOGENEOUS	TANK
UTILIZATION	TEACHING AND TRAINING	RA-3 FACILITY	TEACHING AND TRAINING	CAREM FUEL TEST
FUEL	UO2	UAL	UO2	UO2
FUEL ELEMENT	RODS	MTR	POLIETYLENE PLATES	RODS
ENRICHMENT (%)	20	90	20	1.8 AND 3.4
EXC. REACTIVITY	0.40 \$		0.4 \$	NOT DEFINED
STATUS	OPERATIONAL	DECOMMISSIONED	OPERATIONAL	EXTENDED SHUTDOWN
PLACE	UNIVERSITY - CÒRDOBA	CONSTITUYENTES ATOMIC CENTRE	UNIVERSITY- ROSARIO	PILCANIYEU ATOMIC CENTRE
CRITICALITY	1970	1966-1983	1971	1998



Research reactors in Argentina

	t				
	RA-1	RA-3	RA6		
POWER (Kw)	40	10 000	1 000		
TYPE	TANK	TANK	TANK		
UTILIZATION	RESEARCH, TRAINING, BNCT, MATERIAL TEST	RADIOIS. PRODUCTION, RESEARCH, AXA	RESEARCH, TRAINING, AXA, BNCT		
FUEL	UO2	UO2, USI3	UO2		
FUEL ELEMENT	RODS	MTR	MTR		
ENRICHMENT	20	20	90		
RECTIV. EXCESS	1.5 \$	8\$	2\$		
STATUS	OPERATIONAL	OPERATIONAL	OPERATIONAL		
PLACE	CONSTITUYENTES ATOMIC CENTRE	EZEIZA ATOMIC CENTRE	BARILOCHE ATOMIC CENTRE		
CRITICALITY	1958	1967	1982		



RP-0 Critical Assembly

Location: Lima, Perú

Use: training, basic research,

Main characteristics:

10 W, pool type, MTR fuel, H₂O

In operation since 1978 with rod fuel; changed in 1991 to MTR fuel





NUR Research Reactor

Location: Alger (Algeria)

Use: training, basic research, neutron activation analysis,

neutron radiography,

Main characteristics:

1000 kW, pool type, MTR fuel, H₂O

In operation since 1989





RP-10 Research Reactor

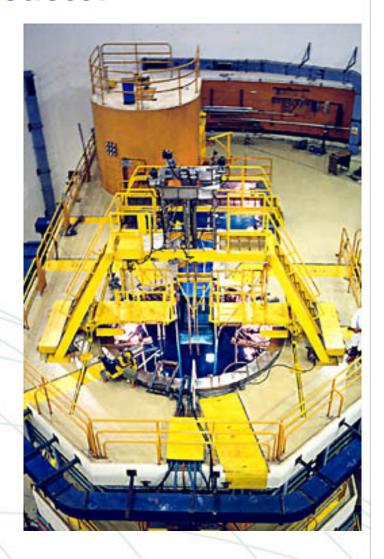
Location: Huarangal, Perú

Use: training, basic researd activation analysis, neutron radiography, radioiosotope production

Main characteristics: 10000 kW, pool type, M

In operation since 1989







ETRR-2 Multipurpose Reactor (Egypt)

International Bid -5 firms

Power = 22 MW

Operating since 1998

Radioisotope Production, R&D,

Training, Industrial Services,

Materials Testing





1998: The largest turn-key industrial export -paid in cash-in Argentina's history



ETRR-2 Multipurpose Reactor (Egypt)

February 1991:

Tender submission

September 1992:

Contract Signed

March 1993:

Start of Civil Works

December 1995:

Tank Installation

September 1996:

Clean Reactor Hall

September 1997:

Commissioning

March 11, 998:

Full Power







Australia - OPAL Project

• Contract: July 2000

Award: Via intl. bid (AECL,

TECHNICATOME, SIEMENS)

Budget: \$200 MM USD

Name: OPAL

Location: Sydney, Australia

Power: 20 MW

Customer: ANSTO

Objective: Replacement for HIFAR

Worldclass neutron research

Radioisotope production

INVAP: MAIN CONTRACTOR,

responsible for Engineering,

Manufacturing, Construction,

Installation, Commissioning

Commercial in Confidence

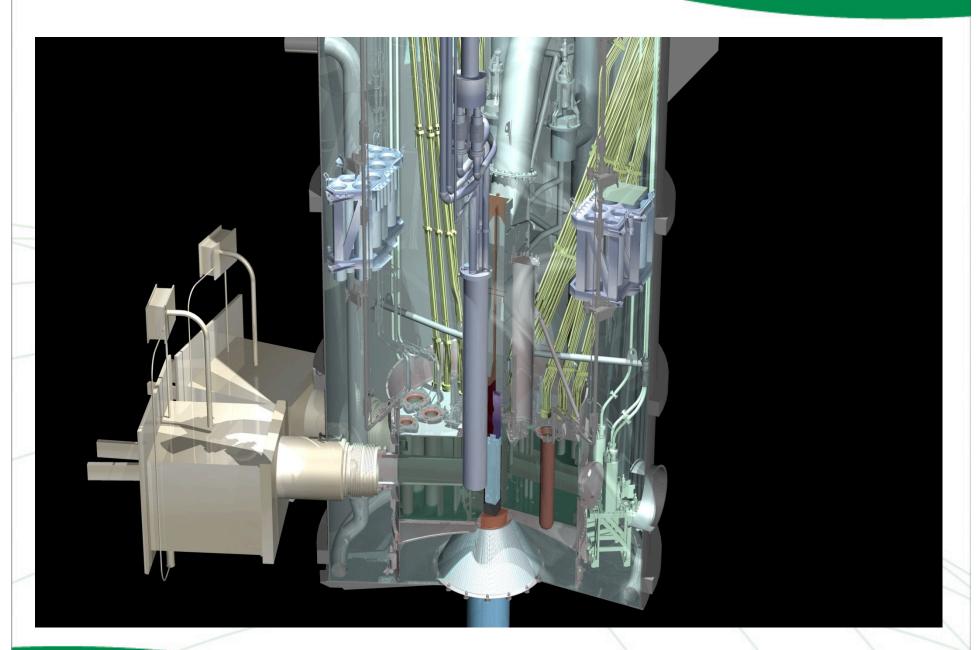




Australia - OPAL Project

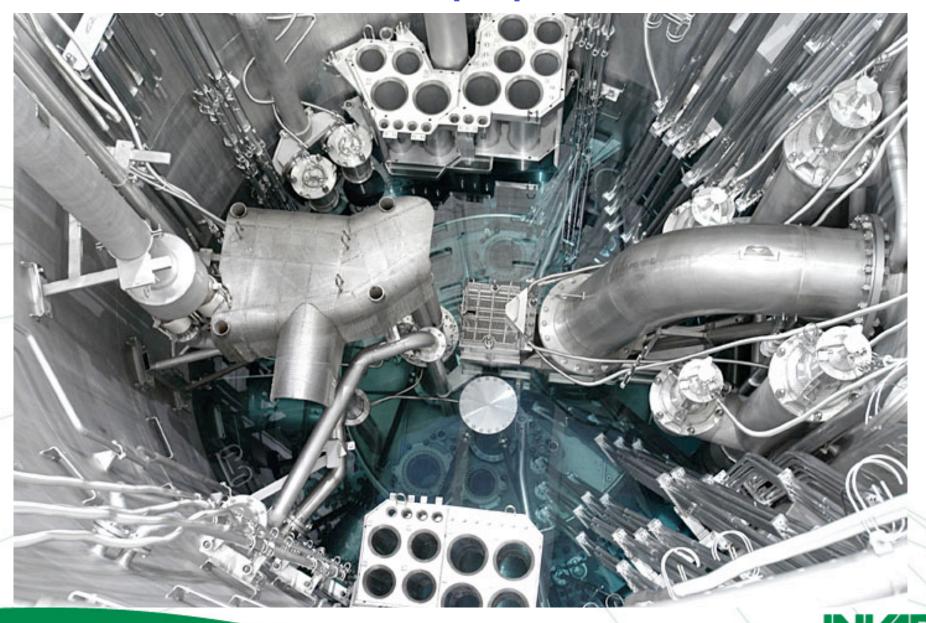




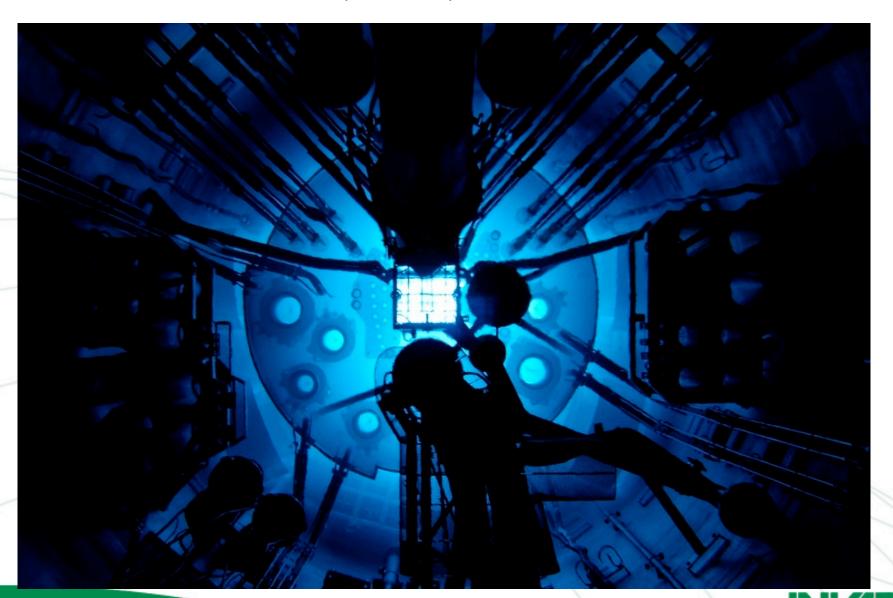




Multipurpose!



November 3, 2006, First Full Power



RA-10, the future

- RA-3 is getting old
- Radioisotope production is an on-going business for Argentina
- The government has approved the funding for a new research reactor for RI production, material testing and beam research.
- Argentina and Brazil governments are exploring the idea of building two similar reactors, one in Argentina and one in Brazil.



Other projects

- The interest in research reactor has reborn with the revival of nuclear energy.
- Radioisotope production reactors are old everywhere and need to be replaced.
- Several countries have approached INVAP interested in new research reactors.
- Private investors have shown interest in dedicated radioisotope reactors.

